CAMBRIDGE

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the November 2003 question papers

0	580/0581 MATHEMATICS
0580/01, 0581/01	Paper 1 (Core), maximum raw mark 56
0580/02, 0581/02	Paper 2 (Extended), maximum raw mark 70
0580/03, 0581/03	Paper 3 (Core), maximum raw mark 104
0580/04, 0581/04	Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 130

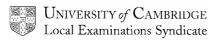
These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2003 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.



Grade thresholds taken for Syllabus 0580/0581 (Mathematics) in the November 2003 examination.

	maximum minimum mark required for grade:				
	mark A available	А	С	Е	F
Component 1	56	-	46	35	28
Component 2	70	51	28	16	-
Component 3	104	-	68	44	38
Component 4	130	101	59	36	-

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A* does not exist at the level of an individual component.

Notes	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0580/0581

TYPES OF MARK

Most of the marks (those without prefixes, and 'B' marks) are given for accurate results, drawings or statements.

- **M** marks are given for a correct method.
- **B** marks are given for a correct statement or step.
- A marks are given for an accurate answer following a correct method.

ABBREVIATIONS

a.r.t.	Anything rounding to
b.o.d.	Benefit of the doubt has been given to the candidate
c.a.o.	Correct answer only (i.e. no 'follow through')
e.e.o.	Each error or omission
o.e.	Or equivalent
SC	Special case
s.o.i.	Seen or implied
ww	Without working
www	Without wrong working
	Work followed through after an error: no further error made
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	Work followed through and another error found



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 56

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0580/01, 0581/01

MATHEMATICS

Paper 1 (Core)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0580/0581	1

Question Number		М	ark Scheme I	Details	Part Mark
1		400 (grams)	1		1
2		(\$)2.7(0)	2	M1 for $\frac{15}{100} \times 18$ o.e.	2
				SC1 for $\frac{85}{100} \times 18 = 15.3$	
3	(a)	$\frac{2}{5}$	1	Accept equivalent fractions, decimals, percentages (with sign)	
	(b)	0	1	accept $\frac{0}{5}, \frac{0}{k}$ do not accept,	2
4	(a)	126°	1	none, not but condone it with 0	
	(b)	40(%)	2	M1 for $\frac{144}{360} \times 100$ o.e.	3
5		1.71(01)	2	M1 for 5 sin 20° or 5 cos70° or 1.7	2
6		6 or $\frac{6}{1}$	2	M1 for $\frac{60}{10}$, $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{6}}$, $\frac{1}{\frac{10}{60}}$	2
7		144°	3	M2 for $\frac{(2 \times 10 - 4) \times 90}{10}$ or	3
				$\frac{(10-2)\times 180}{10} \text{ or } \\ 180 - \frac{360}{10}.$	
				After 0, SC1 for answer 36°	
8		1250 ≤ r.l. < 1350	1 + 1	SC1 if reversed	2
9	(a)	10x ² – 15xy	2	B1 for one term correct	
	(b)	6x (x + 2)	2	M1 for $6(x^2 + 2x)$ or $x(6x + 12)$ or $2(3x^2 + 6x)$ or $2x(3x + 6)$ or $3(2x^2 + 4x)$ or $3x(2x + 4)$	4
10	(a)	87°	1		
	(b)	28°	1		-
	(c)	62° √	1	f.t. is (90 – y)	3

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0580/0581	1

11			1	Lines may be freehand but must go completely through the shape	
		Any line through the centre	1		3
12		x = 4, y = 12	3	 M1 for attempting to eliminate one unknown by a correct method A1 for one correct value (x or y) 	3
13	(a)	(i) 2.4096	1		
		(ii) 2.41 √	1	f.t. from (i)	4
	(b)	19.3 or 19.32(16)	2	B1 for 2.68 seen or implied by 19.2	-
14	(a)	Monday, Tuesday and Saturday	1	All three and no extras	
	(b)	-20	3	B1 for –14 seen + M1 for (their –14) ÷ 7	4
15	(a)	(i) 0.28	1		
		(ii) 0.275	1		
		(iii) 0.2857 or 0.286	1		4
	(b)	$\frac{275}{1000}, \frac{2}{28\%}, \frac{2}{7}$ or equivalent $$	1	f.t. from (a)	
16	(a)	4.58(m)	2	M1 for $\sqrt{5^2 - 2^2}$ s.o.i. e.g. $\sqrt{21}$	
	(b)	66.40 or 66.30 – 66.450	2	M1 for $\cos^{-1}\frac{2}{5}$ o.e. incl $$	4

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0580/0581	1

17	(a)	3	1	10 ⁸ etc. penalise once only	
	(b)	-4	1	accept –04	
	(c)	0	1		4
	(d)	-2	1		-
18	(a)	0.4 or 2.6	2	B1 for one correct SC1 if (0.4,0) (2.6,0)	
	(b)	(i) 0 (ii) Correct line from $x = -1$ to $x = 4$	1	Must be ruled	6
	(c)	(0,1), (4,5) √	2	B1 for one correct f.t. from (b) (ii)	



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 70

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0580/02, 0581/02

MATHEMATICS

Paper 2 (Extended)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0580/0581	2

	[1
1	0.5 or $\frac{1}{2}$ c.a.o.	1	
2	(-)4504	1	Allow (-)4500
3	(a) 121 (b) $(n + 1)^2$	1 1	Allow 49, 64, 81, 100, 121 n ² + 2n + 1
4	3/2500, 1/8, 0.00126	2*	M1 for all 3 evaluated as decimals (or fractions or percentages or stand. form)SC1 reversed order
5	 (a) -1, √36 (b) √2, √30 	1 1	Allow –1, ±6 SC1 (a) –1 and (b) $\sqrt{36}$, $\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{30}$
6	I = mr/5	2*	M1 for $\frac{240 \times r \times m}{100 (\times 12)}$ o.e.
7	66.7	2	M1 for $\frac{2.4}{3.6} \times 100$ o.e.
8	(a) -1 (b) 5k	1 1	
9	(a) 32000 (b) 254 <u>50</u> 255 <u>50</u>	1 1, 1	SC1 both correct and reversed
10	11.5(2)	3*	M1 F = kv^2 M1 k = $18/40^2$ or better
11	(a) 3110(b) 322	2* 1 √	M1 for 1936 ÷ 0.623 or 1936 x 1.61 Allow 3107.54, 3107.5, 3108 or 3107.3 SC1 3107 1000000 ÷ (a)
12	(a) 45, 225 (b) 157.5	1, 1 1	Allow 158
13	 (a) 5.5 or 5½ (b) 21.5 	1 2*	M1 172 ÷ 8
14	(a) $\frac{x+3}{x(x+1)}$	3*	M1 $3(x + 1) - 2x$ M1 denominator $x(x + 1)$
	(b) -3	1 √	

* indicates that it is necessary to look in the working following a wrong answer

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0580/0581	2

Γ

15	(a) angle	e bisector of angle P	2*	M1 correct construction method $A1 \pm 1^{\circ}$				
				SC1 for accurate line but no arcs				
	(b) radiu	is from T or U	2*	M1 radius drawn, meets (a) and O labelled. A1 ±1°				
16	(a) A(2,0 (b) 6.32		1, 1 2*	SC1 correct and reversed M1 (AB ²) = " $(0 - 2)$ " ² + " $(-6 - 0)$ " ² from (a)				
	(c) (1,-3)	1 √					
17	(a) 20		1					
	(b) 98		1					
	(c) 62 (d) 124		1					
	(e) 36		1 √	(b) – (c)				
18	(a) 5.8 x	(10 ⁸	1					
	(b) 98		2*	M1 figs 58 ÷ figs 59 or figs 9830508				
	(c) 1020	00	2*	M1 figs 59 ÷ figs 58 x 10 ⁿ or $\frac{1}{(b)}$ x 10 ⁿ				
				n = 3 or 6				
19	(a) -6		2	M1 1 – 2(7/2)				
	(b) (i) 0.	4	2	M1 $\frac{5x}{2}$ o.e., 2 - 4x = x or better				
	(ii) ((0.4, 0.2)	1					
20	(a) (i) - ² / (ii) - ³	/₃p + q ∛/₄q + p	2* 2*	M1 use of AQ = $\pm^2/_3$ p \pm q or AO + OQ M1 use of BQ = $\pm^3/_4$ q \pm p or BO + OP				
	(b) ¹ / ₃ p -	- ¹ / ₂ q	2*	M1 - ¹ / ₄ q + ¹ / ₃ BP				
21	(a) 60x ·	+ 80y ≤1200 seen	1	Allow $0.6x + 0.8y \le 12$				
	(b) $x \ge y$		1					
	(c) line y	y = x hrough (20,0) and (0,15)	1 2*	M1 intention A1 accurate				
		ling out or R labelled	1	Dep. on both lines				
	(d) 20 c.		1	Allow 20, 0 or 20 + 0				
	Total 70							
L								

TOTAL MARKS 70



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 104

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0580/03, 0581/03

MATHEMATICS

Paper 3 (Core)



	0			lark Sc	Syllabus 0580/0581	Paper	
		M	ATHEMAT	ICS – N	OVEMBER 2003	3	
	Question Mark Scheme		Mark Scheme Part Notes Marks				Question Total
a)		24		1			
b)		25 or 5 ²		1			
C)		27 or 3 ³		1			
d)		23		1			
		29		1			
<u>e)</u>		26		1	condone 6, 26 or 6 x 26		
f)		28 cao		1	1 04 07		-
<u>g)</u>	•`	21 and 27		1	condone 21 x 27		8
a)		1300 or 1 pm		1	allow 10.20, 10:20 ata		
	ii)	1030 9		1 2	allow 10.30, 10:30 etc B1 for either 24 or 33 se	<u></u>	
	iii)			Z	or M1 for 2 correct horizodrawn or 24 and 33 mar	ontal lines	
b)		4.35, 8.7(0)		2	B1 for one correct		
	ii)	Correct straigh		2	P1 for (5, 4.2 to 4.4) or (10, 8.6 to	
		(through (10, 8		4	8.8)		
	iii)	9.2(0) (± 0.1)		1 1	no ft.		40
	iv)	575 (± 5)			no ft.		10 <u>18</u>
a)		6000		2	M1 for 25 x 30 x 8		
b)	i)	art 4400		3	M2 for $\pi \times 10^2 \times 14$		
					or SC1 for $\pi \times 5^2 \times 14$		
	ii)	art 10400		1 √	ft their a + bi		
	iii)	art 13.9		3 √	ft for (<i>their bii</i>) ÷ (25 x 3		
					M2 for (<i>their bii</i>) ÷ (25 x or M1 for (<i>their bi</i>) ÷ (25	x 30)	9
a)		4, 7, 6, 4, 4, 2,	3	2	SC1 for 5 or 6 correct or tallies	7 correct	
<u>b)</u>		1 cao		1			
<u>c)</u>		2 cao		2	M1 for attempt at ranking		
d)		2.5 cao _		2	M1 their $\sum f(x) \div \sum f$ in seen	np by 2.5	
e)	i)	7	,	1 √	allow 23%		
Ξ,	•)	0.23(3) or $\frac{7}{30}$	$\overline{\mathbf{n}}$	1 1	ft from their table		
	ii)	0.3 or $\frac{3}{10}$ or $\frac{9}{30}$	-	1 √	ft from their table		
f)		10 30)	1 √	ft <i>their</i> table x 10. Allow	40/300	10
•/				1 1		,	19
a)		6		1			
ω,		-4		1			
b)	i)	Rotation		M1	Half turn M1 AI , –1 for "	symmetry"	
,	,	through 180°		A1	,		
about (2.5, 6) o.e.		o.e.	A1	allow correct description	n of point		
	ii) Enlargement			B1			
s.f. 3			B1	accept scale 3, x3 etc			
		centre (1,7)		B1	accept'B' for (1,7)		
c) i) 3 cao ii) 1 : 9 cao			1	ignore units			
	ii)	1 : 9 cao		2	SC1 for 27 seen		
				_	M1 for correct answer n	It	
d)		$\left \frac{-2}{3}, \frac{-6}{9}, -0.66\right $	or better	2	SC1 for $\frac{2}{3}$ oe or $-k$		
		39			3		13

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	MATHEMATICS – NOVEMBER 2003	0580/0581	3

I						
6	a)	i)	27	1		
		ii)	6	2	M1 for (39 - 3) ÷ 6	
		iii)	$\frac{P-3}{6}$ oe	2	M1 for P–3 seen or $\frac{P}{6} = \frac{6x+3}{6}$ oe	
					seen	
	b)	i)	4 <i>x</i> + 3		M1 for 9x + 4 – 2x – (3x + 1) oe	
					allow $9x + 4 - 2x - 3x + 1$ oe for M1	
					or SC1 for 4 <i>x</i> or (+)3 in answer	
					space	
		ii)	10, 16 and 23	3	M1 for 9x + 4 = 49 oe A1 for x = 5	<u>10</u> 23
7	a)	i)	44	2	SC1 for 40 to 48	
ŀ	ω,	<u>i)</u> ii)	52	3	B1 for 6 or 8 or 12 or 9 or 21 or 28	
		,	02	Ŭ	or 32 or 112 seen	
					+M1 for adding 6 rectangles o.e.	
-		iii)	cuboid or roctangular	1	allow rectangular cuboid but not	
		m)	cuboid or rectangular	I	-	
-		in A	prism	4	cube or cubical	
		iv)	52		ft from <i>their aii</i> (not strict ft)	
		v)	24	2	M1 for 2 x 3 x 4	
	b)	i)	2(pq + qr + pr) oe as final	2	SC1 for <i>pq</i> or <i>qr</i> or <i>pr</i> seen or imp.	
			answer		for both parts. Other letters used	
					consistently MR–1	
		ii)	pqr as final answer	2	M1 for <i>pqr</i> seen	13
8	a)		12.5	3	M1 for 7.5 x 12 oe or 80/12 oe seen	
	- /		NB 4021 answer 12.5			
			working uses 75 and		+ M1 for $\frac{90-80}{80}$ x100 (explicit) or	
			800		00	
			000		$\frac{7.50 - 6.66}{6.66} x100 \text{ (explicit)}$	
					6.66	
					after M0 SC2 for figs 124 to 126	
					ww or SC1 for 112.5	
	b)		120 minutes	3	B1 for $\frac{2}{5}$ or 180 or $\frac{3}{5}$ x 300 seen	
					5 5 5	
					$101 \text{ for } ^2$ x 200 oc or 200 180	
					+ M1 for $\frac{2}{5}$ x 300 oe or 300-180	
	c)	i)	Accurate <i>⊥</i> bisector of	2	SC1 if accurate without arcs or	
	-,	-,	AB, with arcs $\pm 1^{\circ} \pm 1$ mm	_	incomplete line. Ignore extra lines	
			complete inside figure			
			Accurate bisector of <c< td=""><td>2</td><td>SC1 if accurate without arcs or</td><td></td></c<>	2	SC1 if accurate without arcs or	
			with arcs as above	2	incomplete line as above	
-		::)		0.1		
		ii)	correct area shaded	2 √	Areas marked as diagram	
			-t-l		ft from clear intention to draw perp.	
			1 1/2		bisector and angle bisector	
			121			
			12 2			
			Y			12
9	a)	i)	150 (km)	1		
		ii)	15 000 000 oe (√)	2	MI for <i>their</i> a)i) x 100 x 1000	
		-			or SC1 for <i>their</i> a)i) x 10 ⁿ when n>0	
	b)	i)	1270 to 1320	2	M1 for <i>their</i> 8.6 x <i>their</i> 150 must	
	,	.,		-	have some evidence for <i>their</i> 8.6	
-		ii)	(0)45 to (0)48 oe	1		
╞		iii)	245 to 248	2	SC1 for any answer in the range	
		,		2	180 < x < 270	8
\vdash					100 - A - 210	
						<u>20</u>

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	MATHEMATICS – NOVEMBER 2003	0580/0581	3

10 a)	1 6 15 20 15 6 1	1		
	Sum 64	1	SC1 if 6 or 7 correct	
	1 7 21 35 35 21 7 1	2	SCI II O OI 7 COITECT	
	Sum 128	1		
b) i)	512 accept 2 ⁹	2	SC1 for 256	
ii)	2 ⁿ	2	SC1 for 2 x 2 x 2 seen or description	
c)	165 330 462	1		11
-	The first 6 numbers	1		
	repeated in reverse			
	order			
				<u>11</u>
			TOTAL	104



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 130

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0580/04, 0581/04

MATHEMATICS

Paper 4 (Extended)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0580/0581	4

144:96 Β1 1 (a) After B0, allow SC1 for reversed "correct" final ans. www2 Final answer 3:2 or 1.5:1 or 1:0.667 B1 (2)32 (children) B1 (b) (i) (ii) 54 (adults off) Β1 (iii) 110 (adults on) B1 (iv) 26 (=x) w.w.w. Β1 (4)(c) M1 $300 \times \frac{4}{thier(6+5+4)}$ 80 children A1 www2 (2)Final Ans. 21 13 or (0)9 13 pm (d) (i) Β1 Condone hrs but hrs and $\underline{\text{minutes}} \Rightarrow \textbf{BO}$ (ii) Implied by 6 h 40 min or 400 min M1 7 h 20 min (o.e) $\times \frac{10}{110} \left(\text{or} \times \frac{100}{110} \right)$ 40 min A1 www2 (3)(11) 2 (i) 1.8(02..) Β1 Throughout (a)(i)(ii)(iii) NO misreads (a) allowed. (ii) M1 $1.99^2 = \frac{80h}{3600}$ o.e. Must be *h*, not \sqrt{h} (h =) 178(.2)A1 ww2 (Must be correct - e.g. 178.4 \Rightarrow **MO** ww) (iii) M1 (First step must be correct from correct $A^2 = \frac{hm}{3600}$ formula for first M1.) Correctly squares at any stage $3600A^2 = hm$ M1 Correctly multiplies at any stage $\frac{3600A^2}{m} = h$ M1 Correctly divides at any stage Only a correct answer in this form can get M3. (6)(i) (x+4)(x-4)Β1 (b) i.s.w. solutions in all (b) (ii) *x*(*x* – 16) B1 Condone loss of final bracket in any (b) (iii) (x-8)(x-1)B2 (4)

Marks in brackets are totals for questions or part questions.

Page 2		Mark Scheme IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOV	Syllabus Paper R 2003 0580/0581 4	
(c)	(i)	$x(3x-9) = 2x^2 - 8$ o.e.	M1	
(0)	(')	$2x^2 - 8 = 3x^2 - 9x$		No error seen and some working to
		$x^2 - 9x + 8 = 0$	E1	reach final quoted equation. Must have
	<i>/</i>			= 0. (E = established)
	(ii)	x = 1	B1	
		x = 8	B1	
	(iii)	time = 15 (sec) c.a.o.	B1	
		distance = 120 (m) c.a.o.	B1	
			(6)	
			(16)	
(a)	(i)	17 ² + 32 ² – 2.17.32 cos40°	M2	Allow M1 for sign error or correct impled
		$\sqrt{ ext{their}}$ 479.54	M1	Dep M2. <u>NOT</u> for $\sqrt{225\cos 40^{\circ}}$ or $\sqrt{2146}$
		Answer in range 21.89 to 21.91 (m)	A1	www4
	(ii)	$\sin T$ sin 40°	M1	or $17^2 = 32^2 + (\text{their } 21.9)^2 - 2.32$. (the
		$\frac{17}{17} = \frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$		21.9) cosT
		$17 \sin 40^{\circ}$	M1	$32^2 \pm (\text{their } 21.0)^2 = 17^2$
		$\sin T = \frac{17 \sin 40^{\circ}}{\text{their } 21.9}$ (0.499)		$\cos T = \frac{32^2 + (\text{their } 21.9)^2 - 17^2}{2.32. \text{ (their } 21.9)}$
		29.9°	A1	Accept 29.93° to 29.94°. www3
			(7)	
(b)	(i)	125° c.a.o.	B1	All bearings must be $0^\circ \le \theta \le 360^\circ$ t
. ,	-			score
**	(ii)	305°	В1√	$\sqrt{(180^\circ + \text{their } 125^\circ)}$ correct
**	(iii)	335° or 334.9°	В1√	$\sqrt{(\text{their 305}^\circ + \text{their } T)}$ correct
			(3)	
(c)		â. 30	M1	<u>or</u> $F\hat{X}T$ = tan ⁻¹ $\frac{32}{30}$ <u>clearly</u> identified.
		$\tan(\hat{F}) = \frac{30}{32}$ o.e.		
		P 12 1		°
		43.2°	A1	(43.15239°) www2 <u>NOT</u> 43.1
			(2)	
			(12)	
(a)		Scale correct	S1	0 ≤ <i>t</i> ≤ 7 (14 cm) and 0 – 60 \uparrow (12 cn
		8 correct plots (0 , 0), (1 , 25),		Allow P2 for 6 or 7 correct
		(2, 37.5), (3, 43.8), (4, 46.9),	P3	P1 for 4 or 5 correct
		(5 , 48.4), (6 , 49.2), (7 , 49.6)		Accuracy better than 2mm horizontally In correct square \uparrow
		Reasonable curve through 8 points	C1	Not for linear or <u>bad</u> quality
			(5)	

Pag	e 3	Ma IGCSE EXAMINAT	rk Scheme		D 2003	Syllabus 0580/0581	Paper 4
			<u>10N5 – NO</u>	VEMBE	R 2003	0080/0081	4
(b)	(i)	$f(8) = 49.8 \text{ or } 49\frac{103}{128} \text{ o.}$	e.	B1	Do not acc	ept improper fra	actions
		$f(9) = 49.9 \text{ or } 49\frac{231}{256} \text{ or }$.e.	B1			
	(ii)	$f(t \text{ large}) \approx 50$		B1			
				(3)			
(c)	(i)	Tangent drawn at <i>t</i> = 2		B1	Not a chore	d and not daylig	jht
		Uses vert/horiz using so	cale	M1	Can be giv out	en after B0 if lin	ne not too far
**		Answer correct for their	tangent	A1 √			
	(ii)	Acceleration or units		B1	Accept ms	⁻² , m/s ² , m/s/s.	
				(4)			
(d)	(i)	Straight line through (0	, 10)	B1	Must be r	uled and full ler	nath to earn f
		Straight line gradient 6		B1			igin to ourn
**	(ii)	one $$ intersection value	e for <i>t</i>	B1√			
**		Second $\sqrt{t} \operatorname{and} range$		B1√			
	(iii)	Distance = area (under	curve)	M1			
		First particle (f(<i>t</i>)) goes	further	A1			
				(6)			
				(18)			
arking	final a	answers throughout this q	<u>uestion</u>				
(a)	(i)	0.2	o.e.	B1		0, 1/5, 20%	
	(ii)	0.4	o.e.	B1	After first E answers.	30 , condone "2	in 10" type
	(iii)	0.5	o.e.	B1	Never con	done 2 : 10 type	9
	(iv)	0.1	o.e.	B1			
	(v)	0		B1	Accept "no	ne", "nothing",	0/10, nil, zero
				(5)			
(b)	(i)	2/10 x 1/9		M1			
		1/45	o.e.	A1	Accept 2/9	0, 0.0222 2	.22% www2
	(ii)	3/10 x 2/9		M1			
		1/15	o.e.	A1	Accept 6/9 6.67% www	0 etc, 0.0666(o w2	r 7), 6.66 or
	(iii)	(their) 1/45 + (their) 1/1	5	M1			
		4/45	o.e.	A1	Accept 8/9 8.89% www	0 etc, 0.0888(o w2	r 9), 8.88 or
	(iv)	<u>Clearly</u> 1 – (their) 4.45	o.e.	M1	Alternative	method must b	e complete
		41/45		A1	Accept 82/	90 etc, 0.911, 9	01.1% www2
				(8)			
				(13)			

Page 4		e 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus Paper	
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NO	2003 0580/0581 4	
	(a)		$\pi(30)^2$ (50)	M1	
			141 000 (cm ³)	A1	(141 300 to 141 430) www
				(2)	
	(b)	(i)	18 (cm)	B1	
		(ii)	$\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\angle AOB\right) = (\text{their 18})/30$	M1	Allow M1 or M2 at similar stages for other methods e.g. sin $A = 18/30$ ther $(180^{\circ} - 2A)$
			x2	M1dep	
			∠AOB = 106.26° c.a.o	A1	Must have 2 decimal places seen.
				(4)	ww1 (condone = 106.3 afterwards)
	(c)	(i)		M1	
	. ,	.,	(their) $\frac{106.3}{360}$ used		
			$\pi(30)^2$ used	M1	
			834 to 835.3 (cm ²)	A1	www3
		(ii)		M1	
			1/2 .30.30sin (their) 106.3° or		
			1/2.48.18		
			2		
			431.8 to 432 (cm ²)	A1	www2
		(iii)	Ans. Rounds to 403 cm ²	A1	
				(6)	
	(d)	(i)	50 x (their) 403	M1	
	**		20 100 to 20 200 (cm ³)	A1√	$\sqrt{100}$ correct for their "403" www
	**	(ii)	20.1 to 20.2 (litres)	В1√	\checkmark their previous answer ÷ 1000
				(3)	
	(e)		$k\left[\frac{1}{2}$ their (a) – their (d) (i)	M1	$k = 1 \text{ (cm}^3) k = .001 \text{ (litres) } k = \text{ other } = \text{ consistent conversion error.}$
			50.3 to 51 (litres)	A1	Marking final answer www
				(2)	
				(17)	
	(a)	(i)	_ (2)	M1 A1	M marks for letters, A marks for
	()	()	$F\begin{pmatrix} 2\\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$		descriptions. If <u>no</u> letter given, allow SC1 for correct description
		(ii)	D <i>x</i> = 1	M1 A1	
		(iii)	E (2 , -1)	M1 A1	
		(iv)	C (s.f.) 3	M1 A1	
		(v)	A Shear	M1 A1	

	Page 5		Mark Scheme		Syllabus Paper		
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOV	EMBER 2	2003	0580/0581	4
	(h)						
	(b)		$(-1 - 2) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$ or QP	M1	Penalty – possible.	1 for <u>each</u> wro	ong one thought
			(– 11 –17) <u>final</u> ans	A2	Allow SC1	for one corre	ect
			$(1\ 2\ 3)\begin{pmatrix} -1\\2\\3 \end{pmatrix}$ or RS	M1			
			(12)	A2	Brackets	essential here	
				(6)	Allow SC2	1 for 12 or –1	+ 4 + 9
				(16)			
8	(a)	(i)	10 < M ≤ 15	B1	Must clea	rly mean this	and not 32
		(ii)	Midpoints 5, 12.5, 17.5, 22.5, 32.5	M1	Allow for 3	3 or 4 correct	
			$\sum fx \ (60 + 400 + 490 + 540 + 780)$	M1	(2270) Ne marginally	eds previous / out	M1 or only
			(their) 2270 ÷ 120	M1	dep previo	ous M1	
			18.9 (2) (kg)	A1	www4		
			(1)				
		(iii)	36°	B1			
				(6)			
	(b)		Horizontal scale 2 cm \equiv 5 units	S1	$0 \le M \le 4$	40. Accuracy	< 2 mm.
			(numbered or used correctly)		lf S0 (e.g.	$1 \text{ cm} \equiv 5 \text{ unit}$	s) can score B5
					correct wi	0, 10, 15) cai dth bars. Per uperimposed.	n only score on alty –1 for
			Heights 3k, 16k, 14k, 12k, 4k cm	B5	allow SC1		
			Their k = 1	B1			
				(7)			
				(13)			
9	(a)	(i)	(Diagram) 5 only	B1			
		(ii)	(Diagram) 4 only	B1			
		(iii)	(Diagram) 2 only	B1			
				(3)			

Page 6	Mark Scheme		Syllabus Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003		
	_		_
(b)	Diagram 1 9 (cm²)	B1	9.00 to 3 s.f.
	Diagrams 2 and 3 have same area	B1	
	One of them $\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 3$	M1	
	$4\frac{1}{2}$ (cm ²)	A1	www2
	Diagram 4 $\frac{1}{4} \pi 3^2$ s.o.i.	M1	(7.07 cm ²)
	$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 6$ – their $9\pi/4$	M1	indep. i.e. $18 - k\pi$ where k numerica
	10.9 (cm ²)	A1	www3
	Diagram 5 22 $\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ s.o.i	M1	$(Bt = \overline{171})$ $(bc = \sqrt{72})$
	6 tan22	M1	(2.485) (This is AD <u>or</u> DE)
	$\frac{1}{2}$ (6 – their 2.485) x 6	dep.M1	or $18 - \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times $ their 2.485. (o.e.)
	10.5 (cm ²)	A1	www4
		(11)	
		(14)	